<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S. No.</th>
<th>Board of Study</th>
<th>Sub. Code</th>
<th>SUBJECT</th>
<th>PERIODS PER WEEK</th>
<th>SCHEME OF EXAM</th>
<th>Total Marks</th>
<th>Credit</th>
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<tr>
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<td>L T P ESE CT TA</td>
<td>L+(T+P)/2</td>
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<tr>
<td>7.</td>
<td>Mech. Engg</td>
<td>337461(37)</td>
<td>Fluid mechanics</td>
<td>- - 2</td>
<td>40 - 20</td>
<td>60 1</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.</td>
<td>Mech. Engg</td>
<td>337462(37)</td>
<td>Computer Aided Drafting Lab</td>
<td>- - 2</td>
<td>40 - 20</td>
<td>60 1</td>
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<td>10.</td>
<td>Mech. Engg</td>
<td>337464(37)</td>
<td>NACP Lab</td>
<td>- - 2</td>
<td>40 - 20</td>
<td>60 1</td>
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<td>11.</td>
<td>Humanities</td>
<td>337465(46)</td>
<td>Health, Hygiene &amp; Yoga</td>
<td>- - 2</td>
<td>- - 40</td>
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<td>12.</td>
<td>Library</td>
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<td>23 6 11</td>
<td>640 120 240</td>
<td>1000 34</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

L: Lecture, T: Tutorial, P: Practical, ESE: End Semester Exam, CT: Class Test, TA: Teachers Assessment

Note (1): Duration of all theory papers will be of Three Hours.

Note (2): Industrial Training of six weeks is mandatory for B.E. students. It is to be completed in two parts. The first part will be in summer after IV semester after which students have to submit a training report which will be evaluated by the college teachers during V Semester.
Chhattisgarh Swami Vivekanand Technical University, Bhilai

Name of program: Bachelor of Engineering
Branch: Mechanical Engineering (Production)

Semester: IV
Code: 337451(37)

Subject: Fluid Mechanics
Total Theory Periods: 40
Class Tests: Two (Minimum)
ESE Duration: Three Hours

Maximum Marks: 80
Minimum Marks: 28

Course Objectives:
- Obtaining a solid understanding of the fundamentals of Fluid Mechanics
- The ability to formulate basic equations for Fluid Engineering problems
- The ability to use tables and figures to determine the friction energy loss for various pipes/ducts geometries and Fluid engineering applications
- The ability to perform dimensional analysis and identify important parameters

UNIT- I
Properties of fluid: Fluid, ideal and real fluid, properties of fluid: mass density, weight density, specific volume, specific gravity, viscosity, surface tension, capillarity, vapour pressure, compressibility and bulk modulus. Newtonian and non-Newtonian fluids
Fluid Statics: Pressure, Pascal’s law, Hydrostatic law, Manometry, Hydrostatic force on submerged plane and curved surface, Buoyancy and Flotation.

UNIT-II
Fluid Kinematics: Description of fluid motion, Langragian and Eulerian approach, Type of fluid flow, Type of flow lines-path line, streak line, stream line, stream tube. Continuity equation, acceleration of a fluid particle, motion of fluid particle along curved path, Normal and tangential acceleration, Rotational flow, Rotation and Vorticity, circulation, stream and potential function, flow net, its characteristics and utilities. Liquid in relative equilibrium.

UNIT- III
Fluid Dynamics: Euler’s Equation, Bernoulli’s equation and its practical application, Venturimeter, Orifice meter, Nozzle, Pitot tube.
Impulse momentum equation, Momentum of Momentum equation, Kinetic energy and Momentum correction factor, Vortex motion, Radial flow.

UNIT-IV
Laminar Flow: Reynold’s experiment, flow of viscous fluids in circular pipe, shear stress and pressure gradient relationship, Velocity distribution, Hagen-Poiseuille Equation, flow of viscous fluids between two parallel plates (Coutte flow) shear stress and pressure gradient relationship. Velocity distribution, Drop of pressure head.
Turbulent flow: Effect of turbulence, Expression for loss of head due to friction in pipes (Darcy-Weisbach equation), Expression for co-efficient of friction in terms of shear stress.
Flow through pipe: Loss of energy in pipes, Hydraulic gradient and total energy line, pipe in series and parallel, equivalent pipe power transmission through pipe, water hammer in pipes.

UNIT-V
Dimensional Analysis: Methods of dimensional analysis, Rayleigh’s method, Buckingham’s theorem, Limitations.
Model analysis: Dimensionless number and their significance, model laws, Reynolod’s model law, Fraude’s model law, Euler’s model law, Weber’s model law, Mach’s model law, Type of models, scale effect in model, limitation of hydraulic similitude.

Text Books:

Reference Books:
1. Fluid Mechanics & Hydraulics Machines-R.K.Bansal-Laxmi Publications., Delhi
2. Engineering Fluid Mechanics –K.L. Kumar, Eurasia Publication House, Delhi
5. Introduction to Fluid Mechanics and Fluid Machines – S.K. Som and G. Biswas- TMH, Delhi
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Outcomes:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Apply knowledge of Fluid Mechanics formulating and solving engineering problems.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Acquire knowledge of fluid mechanics for the design and development of mechanical systems.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Demonstrate creativeness in designing new systems components and processes in the field of engineering in general and mechanical engineering in particular.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Identify, analysis, and solve mechanical engineering problems useful to the society.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Work effectively with engineering and science teams as well as with multidisciplinary designs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Skillfully use modern engineering tools and techniques for mechanical engineering design, analysis and application.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Develop fundamentals to continue the study of the advance subject fluid machinery, Heat and mass transfer etc.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Chhattisgarh Swami Vivekanand Technical University, Bhilai

Name of program: Bachelor of Engineering
Branch: Mechanical Engineering (Production)
Subject: Plant Layout and Material Handling

Code: 337452(37)

Total Theory Periods: 40
Total Tutorial Periods: 10

Class Tests: Two (Minimum)
Assignments: Two (Minimum)

ESE Duration: Three Hours
Maximum Marks: 80
Minimum Marks: 28

Course Objectives:

- To analyze solid mechanics problems using energy methods
- To analyze fixed beams and continuous beams.
- To solve for stresses and deflections of beams under unsymmetrical loading;
- To analyze column
- To analyze thin and thick pressure vessels

UNIT- I Introduction: Objectives and criteria for facilities planning and industrial plant design. Site selection Factors of plant layout, Types of production activities, job shop, batch and mass production. Similar products special products, Fixed, process, and product type layout and their combinations.

UNIT- II Layout planning: Factors influencing plant layout, design considerations steps in planning. safety requirements.

UNIT- III Quantitative evaluation plant layout: Application of assignment models, queuing theory, transportation problems, engineering economy, cross-chart technique to plant layout problems.

UNIT-IV Material Handling: Organization for material handling relation to plant layout, factors affecting material handling. Material handling analysis: Selection and replacement of material handling equipments, analysis of handling problems, application of quantitative tools.

UNIT-V Handling systems: Transportation elevating conveying transferring, self loading and bulk handling equipments, their selection and characteristics, auxiliary equipments, safety in operation.

Text Books:
1. Plant layout and material handling by Apple Ronald.
2. Practical plant layout by Muther MC Graw Hill.

Reference Books:

Course Outcomes:

- Apply knowledge of mechanics of deformable body for understanding, formulating and solving engineering problems.
- Acquire knowledge and hands-on competence in applying the concepts mechanics of solid in the design and development of mechanical systems.
- Demonstrate creativeness in designing new systems components and processes in the field of engineering in general and mechanical engineering in particular.
- Identify, analysis, and solve mechanical engineering problems useful to the society.
- Work effectively with engineering and science teams as well as with multidisciplinary designs.
Chhattisgarh Swami Vivekanand Technical University, Bhilai

Name of program: Bachelor of Engineering
Branch: Mechanical Engineering (Production)
Subject: Welding Technology

Semester: IV
Code: 337453(37)
Total Theory Periods: 40
Total Tutorial Periods: 10
Class Tests: Two (Minimum)
Assignments: Two (Minimum)
ESE Duration: Three Hours
Maximum Marks: 80
Minimum Marks: 28

Course Objectives:
- To understand the applications of engineering thermodynamics in real life situations
- To perform gas power cycle analysis
- To analyze reciprocating air compressors
- To perform vapour power cycle analysis
- To analyze steam condenser, cooling pond and cooling towers.
- To analyze thermodynamic system with compressible fluid.

UNIT-I

UNIT-II

UNIT-III

UNIT-IV

UNIT-V
Design of Weld Joints, Weldability and Testing of Weldments:
Various weld joint designs - Weldability of Aluminium, Copper, and Stainless steels. Destructive and non destructive testing of weldments.

Text Books:

Reference Books:

Course Outcomes:
- Apply knowledge of classical thermodynamics for formulating and solving engineering problems.
- Acquire knowledge and hands-on competence in applying the concepts of thermal sciences in the design and development of mechanical systems.
- Demonstrate creativeness in designing new systems components and processes in the field of engineering in general and mechanical engineering in particular.
- Identify, analysis, and solve mechanical engineering problems useful to the society.
- Work effectively with engineering and science teams as well as with multidisciplinary designs.
- Skillfully use modern engineering tools and techniques for mechanical engineering design, analysis and application.
Chhattisgarh Swami Vivekanand Technical University, Bhilai

Name of program: Bachelor of Engineering
Branch: Mechanical Engineering (Production)
Semester: IV

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Subject</th>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Total Theory Periods</th>
<th>Total Tutorial Periods</th>
<th>Class Tests</th>
<th>ESE Duration</th>
<th>Assignments</th>
<th>Maximum Marks</th>
<th>Minimum Marks</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Kinematics of Machines</td>
<td>337454(37)</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>Two (Minimum)</td>
<td>Three Hours</td>
<td>Two (Minimum)</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>28</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Course Objectives:**
- To synthesis, both graphically and analytically, multilink mechanisms.
- To perform mechanism analyses to find the position, velocity, acceleration, and dynamics of multi-bar mechanisms.
- To synthesis mechanism to perform certain prescribed task/motion
- To analyze gear trains.
- To analyze thrust bearings, Brakes and dynamometers.

**UNIT-I**  
**Relative velocity:** Elements, pairs, Mechanism, Four bar chain and its inversion, Velocity diagrams, Relative velocity method, Instantaneous centre method.

**UNIT-II**  
**Relative Acceleration:** Synthesis of mechanism, Pantograph, Lower pair mechanism, Relative acceleration diagram, Kliens construction, Coroillis component of acceleration.

**UNIT-III**  
**Cams:** Classification of cams and followers, Nomenclature of a radial cam, Description of follower movement, Displacement diagrams, Uniform and modified uniform motion, Simple harmonic motion, Uniform acceleration motion and its modifications, Cycloidal motion. Synthesis of cam profile by graphical approach, Considerations of pressure angle. Cams with specified contours: Circular arc cam & tangent cam.

**UNIT-IV**  
**Gear:** Types of gears, Gear terminology, Law of gearing, Gear tooth forms, Involute and Cycloid tooth profile, Interference and Undercutting of Involutes teeth, Minimum number of teeth on pinion to avoid interference.  
**Gear trains:** Simple, Compound, Reverted, and Epicyclical gear trains, computation of velocity ratio in gear trains by different methods.

**UNIT-V**  
(a) **Friction:** Applications of friction, Pivot and collar friction, Thrust bearing.  
(b) **Belt-Drives:** Ratio of tensions for flat belt & V-belt, Centrifugal tension, condition for maximum power transmission.  
(c) **Brakes and dynamometer:** Simple block and shoe brake, Band brake, Band and block brake, and internal expanding shoe brake, Absorption dynamometer, Transmission dynamometer.

**Text Books:**

**Reference Books:**
2. Theory of Machine – Shigley, JE  
3. Theory of Machine Jagdish Lal  

**Course Outcomes:**
- Apply knowledge of Kinematics of machine for understanding, formulating and solving engineering problems.
- Acquire knowledge and hands-on competence in applying the concepts kinematics of machine in the design and development of mechanical systems.
- Demonstrate creativeness in designing new systems components and processes in the field of engineering.
- Identify, analysis, and solve mechanical engineering problems useful to the society.
- Work effectively with engineering and science teams as well as with multidisciplinary designs.
Chhattisgarh Swami Vivekanand Technical University, Bhilai

Name of program: Bachelor of Engineering
Branch: Mechanical Engineering (Production) Semester: IV

Subject: Numerical Analysis & Computer Programming (C & C++)
Code: 337455(37)

Total Theory Periods: 40
Class Tests: Two (Minimum)
ESE Duration: Three Hours

Total Tutorial Periods: 10
Assignments: Two (Minimum)

Maximum Marks: 80
Minimum Marks: 28

Course Objectives:
- To learn about existence and uniqueness criteria for numerical methods
- To learn about convergences criteria and to be aware of reasons why numerical methods may fail.
- Find numerical approximations to the roots of an equation by Newton method, Bisection Method, Secant Method, etc.
- Find numerical solution to a system of linear equations by Gaussian Elimination and Gauss-Siedel Iterative
- Find numerical solution for Curve fitting
- Find numerical solution for ordinary differential equation.
- Find numerical solution for Partial differential equation.
- To understand the basics of computer programming

UNIT-I Approximation and Errors in Computation: Approximation and round of errors, truncation errors and Taylor Series, Determination of roots of polynomials and transcendental equations by Graphical methods and Bisection, Regula-falsi, Secant and Newton-Raphson methods, Solution of Linear simultaneous, linear algebraic equations by Gauss Elimination Gauss-Jordan and Gauss-Siedel iteration method.


Text Books:

Reference Books:
5. Numerical Methods for Engineers – Steven C. Chapra, Raymond P. Canale, 4th Edn. – TMH, New Delhi

Course Outcomes:
- Apply knowledge of numerical analysis for understanding, formulating and solving engineering problems.
- Acquire knowledge and hands-on competence in applying the concepts of Numerical Analysis and Computer Programming in the analysis of mechanical systems.
- Identify, analysis, and solve mechanical engineering problems useful to the society.
- Work effectively with engineering and science teams as well as with multidisciplinary analysis.
Course Objectives:

- To understand various manufacturing processes & its classifications
- To understand various Casting processes
- To understand various welding processes
- To understand various metal removal process
- To appreciate the capabilities, advantages and the limitations of the processes

**UNIT-I**

**Introduction to Manufacturing Processes:** Importance of Manufacturing Processes, classification, technological definitions.

**Metal Casting (Foundry): Introduction:** Basic Principle, Advantages and Limitations, Applications. **Pattern Making: Pattern materials, allowances, types of pattern, color code scheme Mould Making:** Green and dry sand casting process, types of sand, molding sand and its properties, molding sand composition and applications. **Elements of mould:** Cores, Use, core material, types of cores, advantages and limitations, core prints, chaplets, Gating and RiserSystem, Sand casting defects: appearance, causes & remedies. **Special Molding Processes:** Carbon dioxide molding process, investment casting process, Die casting process, shell molding process, continuous casting process, centrifugal casting processes.

**UNIT-II**

**Welding – I: Introduction:** Principle, classification based on application of filler material & without filler material, source of energy, fusing and pressure welding processes, application of welding processes. **Arc welding:** Principle, power source and equipments, welding electrodes- types composition & specification, Metal Arc welding (MAW), flux Shielded Metal Arc Welding (FSMAW), Inert Gas Welding (TIG & MIG) Submerged Arc Welding (SAW) and Atomic Hydrogen Welding processes. (AHW). **Gas Welding:** Principle, Oxy-Acetylene welding, Reaction in Gas welding, Flame characteristics, Gas torch construction & working, forward and backward welding.

**UNIT-III**

**Welding – II: Resistance Welding:** General, principle of heat generation in resistance welding, application of resistance welding processes. Process details and working principle of spot, seam and projection welding, electrode materials, shapes of electrodes, electrode cooling, selection of welding currents, voltages. **Special type of welding:** Friction welding, Explosive welding, Thermit welding, Laser welding, Electron beam welding, Electroslag welding, Ultrasonic welding; principle, equipments, operations. **Soldering, Brazing & Braze welding, Welding Defects**

**UNIT-IV**

**Machine Tools: Lathe:** Principle of operation, basic parts of a lathe, types – speed lathe, engine, bench, tool room, capstan, turret, automatic, specification, construction, operations-facing, turning, knurling, taper turning, thread cutting, drilling, boring, reaming, work holding devices & tools, mechanism and attachments for various operations. **Shaper:** Principle of operation, parts, types- horizontal, vertical, universal, Operations – horizontal cutting, vertical cutting, angular cutting, irregular cutting, specification, Quick return Mechanisms, Table feed mechanism, work holding devices. **Planner:** Principle of operation, parts, types – double housing, open side, pit type, plate type, divided table. Specification, types of drives.

**UNIT-V**

**Milling:** Principle of operation, parts, specification, types- horizontal, vertical, universal, milling operations – plain, face, slotting, gear cutting mechanisms and attachments for milling, indexing-simple, compound and differential. **Broaching:** Principle of operation, parts, types of broaches- horizontal, vertical, pull, surface-internal and external broaching machines, nomenclature, of broach. **Drilling:** Principle of operation, parts, drill nomenclature, types of drilling machines, other operations like counter boring, counter sinking, spot facing etc. **Reaming:** Principle of operation, parts, description of reamers, type of reaming operations. **Boring:** Principle of operation, parts, types of boring machines, boring operations, boring tools

**Text Books:**

**Reference Books:**
Chhattisgarh Swami Vivekanand Technical University, Bhilai

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Outcomes:</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Acquire knowledge and hands-on competence in applying the concepts of</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>manufacturing science in the design and development of mechanical systems.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Demonstrate creativeness in designing new systems components and processes</td>
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<tr>
<td>in the field of engineering in general and mechanical engineering in</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>particular.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Work effectively with engineering and science teams as well as with</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>multidisciplinary designs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Skillfully use modern engineering tools and techniques for mechanical</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>engineering design, analysis and application.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Chhattisgarh Swami Vivekanand Technical University, Bhilai

Name of program: **Bachelor of Engineering**  Branch: **Mechanical Engineering (Production)**  Semester: **IV**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Subject: Fluid Mechanics Laboratory</th>
<th>Code: 337461(37)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total Lab Periods: 24</td>
<td>Batch Size: 30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum Marks: 40</td>
<td>Minimum 20</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

List of Experiments: *(At least Ten experiments are to be performed by each student)*

1. To determine the meta-centric height of a ship model.
2. To verify Bernoulli’s Theorem.
3. To verify Impulse Momentum Principle.
4. To calibrate a Venturimeter and study the variation of coefficient of discharge.
5. To calibrate an orifice-meter.
6. Experimental determination of critical velocity in pipe.
7. To determine of head loss in various pipe fittings.
9. To study the transition from laminar to turbulent flow and to determine the lower critical Reynold’s number.
10. To determine the hydraulic coefficients (Cc, Cd and Cv) of an orifice.
11. To determine the coefficient of discharge of a mouth piece.
12. To obtain the surface profile and the total head distribution of a forced vortex.
13. To study the velocity distribution in pipe and to compute the discharge by integrating velocity profile.
14. To study the variation of friction factor for pipe flow.
15. To determine the roughness coefficient of an open channel.

List of Equipment/Instruments/Machines/Software Required:

- Apparatus for determination of metacentric height
- Bernoulli’s apparatus
- Impact of jet apparatus
- Venturimeter
- Orificemeter
- Pipe friction apparatus
- Orifice apparatus
- Mouth Piece apparatus with the provision for determination of hydraulic coefficient Cc, Cd & Cv
- Vortex flow apparatus
- Apparatus of head loss in various pipe fittings.
- Reynold’s apparatus
- Complete setup for flow measurement using Pitot tube
- Complete set for open channel apparatus
Chhattisgarh Swami Vivekanand Technical University, Bhilai

Name of program: Bachelor of Engineering
Branch: Mechanical Engineering (Production)
Semester: IV

Subject: Computer Aided Drafting Laboratory
Code: 337462(37)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Total Lab Periods</th>
<th>Maximum Marks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Marks:

List of Experiments:

1. Understanding of various 3D CAD commands and creating simple 3D objects.
2. Understanding of holes, cuts and model tree relations.
3. Creation shafts, rounds, chamfers and slots.
4. Sketch Tools & Datum planes
5. Creation of objects by Extrusion, revolved features (Simple protrusion), patterns and copies.
6. Creation of objects by sweeps and blends (Advance protrusion) methods.
7. Creation of engineering drawing details such as dimensioning, sectional views, adding esthetics.
8. Assembling of part models using constraints
9. Assembly operations - part modifications, adding another assembly features – display

List of Equipment/Instruments/Machines/Software Required:

1. P-IV, 2.6 G. Hz., 128/256 MB SDRAM, 40 GB HDD, 1.44 MB FDD, 14” Colour Monitor, 52 X CD RW, Laser Scroll Mouse
2. Software Required – Drafting Software
Chhattisgarh Swami Vivekanand Technical University, Bhilai

Name of program: **Bachelor of Engineering**  Branch: **Mechanical Engineering (Production)**

Semester: **IV**

Subject: **Kinematics of Machines Laboratory**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Total Lab Periods:</th>
<th>24</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maximum Marks:</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Code: **337463(37)**

Batch Size: **30**

Minimum Marks: **20**

Marks:

*List of Experiments:*

1. To determine the jump phenomena of cam follower apparatus.
2. To draw displacement, velocity and acceleration curve of cam motion.
3. To find out the load carrying capacity of bearing.
4. To find out the Coefficient of friction of bearing.
5. To find out the frictional horse power of bearing.
6. To find out the Pressure around the bearing by journal bearing apparatus.
7. To measure co-efficient of friction, power transmitted with varied belt tension by slip & creep apparatus.
8. To find out the percentage slip at fixed belt tension by varying load with slip & creep apparatus.
9. To find out belt slip and creep by slip and creep measurement apparatus.
10. To verify the corioli’s component of acceleration with theoretical and practical results.
11. To find the speed and torque of different gear in an epicyclic gear train.
12. To find the speed and torque of different gear in a simple, compound and reverted gear train.
13. To Study and analysis of Pantograph.
14. To study Four-bar mechanism and its inversions.
15. To study internal expanding and external contracting shoe brakes.
16. To study rope brake dynamometer and calculation of torque and power.

*List of Equipment/Instruments/Machines/Software Required:*

- Cam analysis apparatus
- Journal bearing apparatus.
- Corioli’s component of acceleration apparatus
- Slip & Creep Measurement Apparatus in Belt Drive
- Simple, compound, reverted and epicyclic gear train apparatus.
- Pantograph apparatus (with all accessories)
- Internal / external shoe brake (complete set with accessories)
- Four bar mechanism and its inversions.
- Rope brake dynamometer apparatus (with all accessories)
- Mechanoset.
Chhattisgarh Swami Vivekanand Technical University, Bhilai
Name of program: Bachelor of Engineering Branch: Mechanical Engineering (Production)
Semester: IV

Subject: Numerical Analysis & Computer Programming
Code: 337464(37)

Total Lab Periods: 24 Batch Size: 30
Maximum Marks: 40 Minimum Marks: 20

Marks:

List of Experiments:

1. Write a program to calculate the area & perimeter of the rectangle and the area & circumference of the circle. The length and breadth of a rectangle and radius of a circle are input through keyboard.

2. Write a program to determine whether the character entered through a keyboard is a capital letter, a small case letter, a digit or a special symbol.

3. Write a program to add first seven terms of the following series using looping statements series is

   \[ S = \frac{1}{1!} + \frac{2}{2!} + \frac{3}{3!} + \frac{4}{4!} + \cdots \]

4. Write a program which has the following options:
   a. Factorial of a number
   b. Prime or not
   c. Odd or even

5. Write a program to implement Bubble sort on a set of 10 numbers.

6. Write a program to store every character typed at the keyboard into a file. The procedure should come to an end as soon as the ‘Esc’ key is pressed.

7. Write a program to find the roots of an equation using Newton Raphson Method.

8. Write a program to practice one of the Numerical Integration Method.

9. Write a program to find the solution of Differential Equation by Modified Euler’s Equation.

10. Write a program to find the solution of Differential Equation by Runge Kutta Equation.

List of Equipment/Instruments/Machines/Software Required:

1. P-IV, 2.6 G. Hz., 128/256 MB SDRAM, 40 GB HDD, 1.44 MB FDD, 14” Colour Monitor, 52 X CD RW, Laser Scroll Mouse
2. Software Required – C & C++
Name of program: Bachelor of Engineering
Branch: Mechanical Engineering (Production) Semester: IV
Subject: Health, Hygiene & Yoga Code: 337465(46)
No. Of Periods: 2 Periods/Week Total Tutorial Periods: NIL
Maximum Marks: 40 Minimum Marks: 24

Course Objectives:
1. To provide understanding the importance of health.
2. To provide insight into the hygiene aspect & quality of life.
3. To study the concepts of various medical therapy.
4. To practice the various yogasans.
5. To provide knowledge about common diseases and its cure through yogasans and pranayam.
6. To develop concentration through various methods.

UNIT-I HEALTH & HYGIENE: Concept of health, Physical health and mental health and wellbeing and how to achieve these, longevity and how to achieve it, concept and common rules of hygiene, cleanliness and its relation with hygiene; Overeating and underrating, amount of food intake required, intermittent fasting; adequate physical labour, sleep; consumption of junk fast food vs nutritious food; fruits, vegetables cereals and qualities of each of these.


UNIT-III YOGASANS: Meaning and concept of Yoga, Yogasans and its mode of operation, How to perform Yogasans, Common Yogasans with their benefits, such as, Padahastasan, Sarvangasan, Dhanurasan, Chakrasan, Bhujangasan, Paschimottasan, Gomukhasan, Mayurasan, Matsuasan, Matsuendrasan, Pawanmuktasan, Vajrasan, Shalabhasan, Sinhasan, Shashankasan, Surya Namaskar, Halasan, Janushirasan, Utshep Mudra.

UNIT-IV YOGASANS FOR COMMON DISEASES: From Yogic Materia Medica with symptoms, causes, asans and herbal treatment.
- Modern silent killers: High blood pressure, diabetes and cancer, causes and cure; Common health problems due to stomach disorders, such as, indigestion, acidity, dysentry, piles and fissures, arthritis, its causes, prevention and cure.
- Asans for relaxation: Shavasana, Makarasana, Matsyakridasana, Shashankasan.
- Asans to increase memory and blood supply to brain: Shirsh padasan, Shashankasan.
- Asans for eye sight: Tratak, Neti Kriya.
- Pranayam: Definition and types: Nadi Shodhan, Bhashtrak, Shitakari, Brahamari useful for students.

UNIT-V CONCENTRATION: Concentration of mind and how to achieve it. Tratak (मन्दिर), Concentration on breath, Japa (नम), Apanay (अर्हता), internal silence (सुन्दरता), visualization in mental sky (मनोमाण), Concentration on point of light (नीति धारण), Concentration on feeling (ग्रहण), Concentration on figure (मूर्ति धारण).

Text Books:
Health, Hygiene & Yoga, Dr P B Deshmukh, Gyan Book Pvt Ltd. New Delhi.

Reference Books:
1. Yogic Materia Medica
2. Asan, Pranayam and Bandh.